

# 100315 Low-Skew Quad Clock Driver

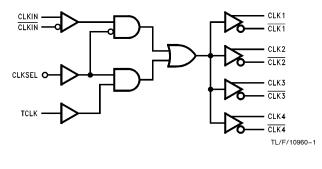
#### **General Description**

The 100315 contains four low skew differential drivers, designed for generation of multiple, minimum skew differential clocks from a single differential input. This device also has the capability to select a secondary single-ended clock source for use in lower frequency system level testing. The 100315 is a 300 Series redesign of the 100115 clock driver.

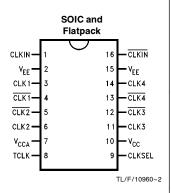
#### **Features**

- Low output to output skew (≤50 ps)
- Differential inputs and outputs
- Small outline package (SOIC)
- Secondary clock available for system level testing
- 2000V ESD protection
- Voltage compensated operating range: -4.2V to -5.7V
- Military and industrial grades available

#### **Logic Diagram**



#### **Connection Diagram**



Pin Names	Description
CLKIN, CLKIN	Differential Clock Inputs
CLK <sub>1-4</sub> , CLK <sub>1-4</sub>	Differential Clock Outputs
TCLK	Test Clock Input†
CLKSEL	Clock Input Select†

<sup>†</sup>TCLK and CLKSEL are single-ended inputs, with internal 50  $k\Omega$  pulldown resistors.

#### **Truth Table**

CLKSEL	CLKIN	CLKIN	TCLK	CLKN	CLKN
L	L	Н	Χ	L	Н
L	Н	L	X	Н	L
н	X	Χ	L	L	Н
Н	Х	Χ	Н	Н	L

- $L = Low\ Voltage\ Level$
- $H \,=\, High\,\, Voltage\,\, Level$
- X = Don't Care

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Above which the useful life may be impaired (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature  $-65^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +150^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Maximum Junction Temperature (T<sub>J</sub>)

+150°C Plastic Ceramic +175°C  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+\,85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Case Temperature under Bias (T<sub>C</sub>) V<sub>EE</sub> Pin Potential to Ground Pin -7.0V to +0.5V $V_{CC}$  to  $\pm 0.5 V$ Input Voltage (DC) Output Current (DC Output HIGH)  $-50 \, \text{mA}$ Operating Range (Note 2) -5.7 V to -4.2 VESD (Note 2) ≥2000V

**Note 1:** Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

Note 2: ESD testing conforms to MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.

# Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature  $(T_C)$ 

 Commercial
 0°C to +85°C

 Industrial
 −40°C to +85°C

 Military
 −55°C to +125°C

 Supply Voltage (V<sub>EE</sub>)
 −5.7V to −4.2V

#### **Commercial Version**

#### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize EE}}=\,-4.2\mbox{\footnotesize V}$  to  $\,-5.7\mbox{\footnotesize V},\,V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}}=\,V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CCA}}=\,\mbox{\footnotesize GND},\,T_{\mbox{\footnotesize C}}=\,0^{\circ}\mbox{\footnotesize C}$  to  $\,+\,85^{\circ}\mbox{\footnotesize C}$  (Note 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions				
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025	-955	-870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$	Loading with			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1705	-1620		or V <sub>IL(Min)</sub>	$50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$			
V <sub>OHC</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035			mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Min)}$	Loading with			
V <sub>OLC</sub>	Output LOW Voltage			-1610		or V <sub>IL(Max)</sub>	$50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$			
V <sub>IH</sub>	Single-Ended Input HIGH Voltage	-1165		-870	mV	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs				
V <sub>IL</sub>	Single-Ended Input LOW Voltage	-1830		-1475	mV	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs				
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current	0.50			μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{IL(Min)}$				
Ī	Input High Current CLKIN, CLKIN TCLK CLKSEL			150 250 250	μΑ μΑ μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$				
V <sub>DIFF</sub>	Input Voltage Differential	150			mV	Required for Full Output Swing				
$V_{CM}$	Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> – 2V		$V_{\rm CC}-0.5V$	٧					
I <sub>CBO</sub>	Input Leakage Current	-10			μΑ	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{EE}}$				
I <sub>EE</sub>	Power Supply Current	-67		-35	mA					

Note 3: The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these "worst case" values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guard banding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges.

#### **Commercial Version** (Continued)

# AC Electrical Characteristics $v_{EE} = -4.2 V$ to -4.8 V, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$

Symbol	Parameter	T <sub>C</sub> =	= 0°C	T <sub>C</sub> =	+ 25°C	$T_C = +85^{\circ}C$		Units	Conditions	
Cymbol	i didilicici	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Omis		
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	750		750		750		MHz		
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay CLKIN,  CLKIN to CLK <sub>(1-4)</sub> , CLK <sub>(1-4)</sub> Differential  Single-Ended	0.59 0.59	0.79 0.99	0.62 0.62	0.82 1.02	0.67 0.67	0.87 1.07	ns	Figures 1, 3	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay, TCLK to $CLK_{(1-4)}$ , $\overline{CLK_{(1-4)}}$	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.20	ns	Figures 1, 2	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay, CLKSEL to $CLK_{(1-4)}$ , $\overline{CLK_{(1-4)}}$	0.80	1.60	0.80	1.60	0.80	1.60	ns	Figures 1, 2	
t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.30	0.80	0.30	0.80	0.30	0.80	ns	Figures 1, 4	
t <sub>OST</sub> DIFF	Maximum Skew Opposite Edge Output-to-Output Variation Data to Output Path		50		50		50	ps	(Note 1)	

Note 1: Output-to-Output Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any outputs within the same packaged device. The specifications apply to any outputs switching in the same direction either HIGH to LOW (toshl), or LOW to HIGH (toslh), or in opposite directions both HL and LH (tosh). Parameters tosh and the guaranteed by design.

#### **Industrial Version**

# DC Electrical Characteristics $V_{EE} = -4.2 V \ to \ -5.7, V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$

Symbol	ol Parameter		$T_{ extsf{C}} = -40^{\circ} extsf{C}$		to +85°C	Units	Conditions	
	ranamotor	Min	Max	Min	Max	Cinto		
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	-1085	-870	-1025	-870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$ or $V_{IL(Min)}$	Loading with
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1575	-1830	-1620	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Min)}$ or $V_{IL(Max)}$	$50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
V <sub>OHC</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	-1095		-1035		mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$ or $V_{IL(Min)}$	Loading with
V <sub>OLC</sub>	Output LOW Voltage		<b>-1565</b>		-1610	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Min)}$ or $V_{IL(Max)}$	50Ω to -2.0V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Single-Ended Input HIGH Voltage	-1170	-870	-1165	-870	mV	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Single-Ended Input LOW Voltage	-1830	<b>-1480</b>	<b>-1830</b>	-1475	mV	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs	
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current	0.50		0.50		μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{IL(Min)}$	

#### **Industrial Version** (Continued)

# DC Electrical Characteristics $V_{EE} = -4.2 V$ to -5.7, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = -4$	10°C	T <sub>C</sub> = 0°C to	+ 85°C	Units	Conditions	
- Cyllibol	i di dilicici	Min	Max	Min	Max	Omis	Conditions	
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current CLKIN, CLKIN TCLK CLKSEL		107 300 260		107 300 260	μΑ μΑ μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{IH (Max)}$	
V <sub>DIFF</sub>	Input Voltage Differential	150		150		mV	Required for Full Output Swing	
V <sub>CM</sub>	Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2V		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5V		V		
I <sub>CBO</sub>	Input Leakage Current	-10		-10		μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{EE}$	
I <sub>EE</sub>	Power Supply Current	-70	-30	-70	-30	mA		

# AC Electrical Characteristics $v_{EE} = -4.2 \text{V to} -5.7 \text{V}, v_{CC} = v_{CCA} = \text{GND}$

Symbol	Parameter	T <sub>C</sub> =	$T_C = -40^{\circ}C$		$T_C = +25^{\circ}C$		$T_C = +85^{\circ}C$		Conditions	
J	i didilicici	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units		
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	750		750		750		MHz		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay CLKIN,  CLKIN to CLK <sub>(1-4)</sub> , CLK <sub>(1-4)</sub> Differential  Single-Ended	0.59 0.59	0.99 0.99	0.62 0.62	0.82 1.02	0.67 0.67	0.87 1.07	ns	Figures 1, 3	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay, TCLK to CLK <sub>(1-4)</sub> , CLK <sub>(1-4)</sub>	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.20	ns	Figures 1 2	
t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.30	0.80	0.30	0.80	0.30	0.80	ns	Figures 1,2	
t <sub>OST</sub> DIFF	Maximum Skew Opposite Edge Output-to-Output Variation to Output Path		50		50		50	ps	(Note 1)	

Note 1: Output-to-Output Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any outputs within the same package device. The specifications apply to any outputs switching in the same direction either HIGH to LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>), or LOW to HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>), or in opposite directions both HL and LH (t<sub>OST</sub>). Parameters t<sub>OST</sub> and t<sub>PS</sub> guaranteed by design.

# Military Version—Preliminary

# DC Electrical Characteristics $V_{EE} = -4.2 V$ to -5.7 V, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ (Note 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	T <sub>C</sub>	Condi	tions	Notes
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025		-870	mV	0°C to + 125°C			
		-1085		-870	mV	−55°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$	Loading with	100
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	-1830		-1620	mV	0°C to + 125°C	or V <sub>IL(Min)</sub>	50Ω to -2.0V	1, 2, 3
		-1830		<b>-1555</b>	mV	−55°C			
Vohc	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035			mV	0°C to + 125°C			
		-1085			mV	−55°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Min)}$	Loading with	1, 2, 3
V <sub>OLC</sub>	Output LOW Voltage			-1610	mV	0°C to + 125°C	or V <sub>IL(Max)</sub>	50Ω to -2.0V	1, 2, 0
				<b>- 1555</b>	mV	−55°C			

#### Military Version—Preliminary (Continued)

### DC Electrical Characteristics $V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to -5.7V, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ (Note 3) (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	T <sub>C</sub>	Conditions	Notes
V <sub>DIFF</sub>	Input Voltage Differential	150			mV	-55°C to +125°C	Required for Full Output Swing	1, 2, 3
V <sub>CM</sub>	Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	٧	-55°C to +125°C		1, 2, 3
V <sub>IH</sub>	Single-Ended Input High Voltage	-1165		-870	mV	-55°C to +125°C	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs	1, 2, 3, 4
V <sub>IL</sub>	Single-Ended Input Low Voltage	-1830		-1475	mV	-55°C to +125°C	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs	1, 2, 3, 4
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current CLKIN, CLKIN			120	μΑ	-55°C to +125°C		
	TCLK			350	μΑ		$V_{IN} = V_{IH(Max)}$	1, 2, 3
	CLKSEL			300	μΑ			
I <sub>CBO</sub>	Input Leakage Current	-10			μΑ	-55°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{EE}$	1, 2, 3
I <sub>EE</sub>	Power Supply Current, Normal	-90		-30	mA	−55°C to +125°C		1, 2, 3

**Note 1:** F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals -55°C), then testing immediately without allowing for the junction temperature to stabilize due to heat dissipation after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

Note 2: Screen tested 100% on each device at  $-55^{\circ}$ C,  $+25^{\circ}$ C, and  $+125^{\circ}$ C, Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

Note 3: Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each manufactured lot at -55°C, +25°C, and +125°C, Subgroups A1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

Note 4: Guaranteed by applying specified input condition and testing  $V_{OH}/V_{OL}$ .

# AC Electrical Characteristics $\,v_{EE}=-4.2 \text{V to}\,-5.7 \text{V},\, v_{CC}=v_{CCA}=\text{GND}$

Symbol	Parameter .	$T_{C} = -55^{\circ}C$		$T_C = +25^{\circ}C$		$T_C = +125^{\circ}C$		Units	Conditions	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	00		110100
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay CLKIN, $\overline{\text{CLKIN}}$ to $\text{CLK}_{(1-4)}$ , $\overline{\text{CLK}_{(1-4)}}$	0.61	0.81	0.61	0.81	0.60	0.83	ns		1, 2, 3
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay, TCLK to $CLK_{(1-4)}$ , $\overline{CLK_{(1-4)}}$	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.20	ns	Figures 1 and 2	
ts G-G	Skew Gate to Gate (Note 5)		100		100		100	ps	anu 2	4
t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.35	0.80	0.30	0.75	0.25	0.75	ns		

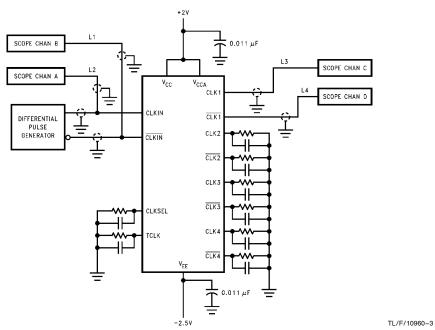
Note 1: F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals -55°C, then testing immediately after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

Note 2: Screen tested 100% on each device at  $\pm 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature only, Subgroup A9.

Note 3: Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each manufactured lot at +25°C, Subgroup A9, and at +125°C and -55°C temperatures, Subgroups A10 and A11.

Note 4: Not tested at  $\pm 25^{\circ}$ C,  $\pm 125^{\circ}$ C and  $\pm 55^{\circ}$ C temperature (design characterization data).

Note 5: Maximum output skew for any one device.



Note 1: Shown for testing CLKIN to CLK1 in the differential mode.

Note 2: L1, L2, L3 and L4 = equal length  $50\Omega$  impedance lines.

Note 3: All unused inputs and outputs are loaded with 50  $\!\Omega$  in parallel with  $\leq\!3$  pF to GND.

Note 4: Scope should have  $50\Omega$  input terminator internally.

#### FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit

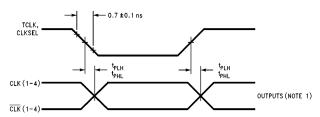


FIGURE 2. Propagation Delay, TCLK, CLKSEL to Outputs

TL/F/10960-4

TL/F/10960-5

TL/F/10960-6

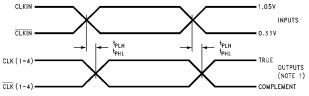


FIGURE 3. Propagation Delay, CLKIN/CLKIN to Outputs

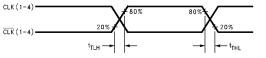
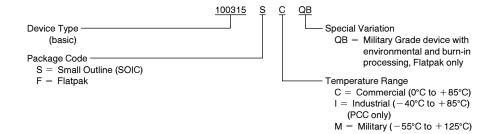


FIGURE 4. Transition Times

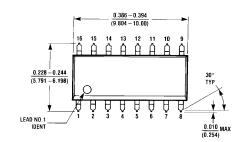
Note 1: The output to output skew, which is defined as the difference in the propagation delays between each of the four outputs on any one 100115 shall not exceed 75 ps.

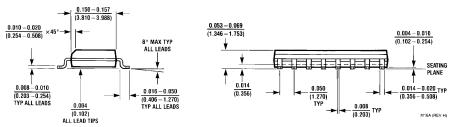
#### **Ordering Information**

The device number is used to form part of a simplified purchasing code where the package type and temperature range are defined as follows:



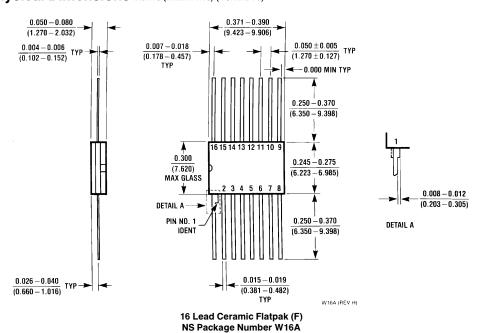
#### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters)





16 Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (S)
NS Package Number M16A

#### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



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